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Building the evidence



Building the evidence

- The evidence, experience and expert opinion to support the U=U and Can't Pass It On message has been increasing over two decades¹
- Viral load is the single biggest determinant of HIV transmission risk^{1,2}
- The Partner study was the 'tipping point' in our understanding and our approach to messaging²
- The results of Partner 2 gives us the confidence to be definitive about the messaging and language around U=U³

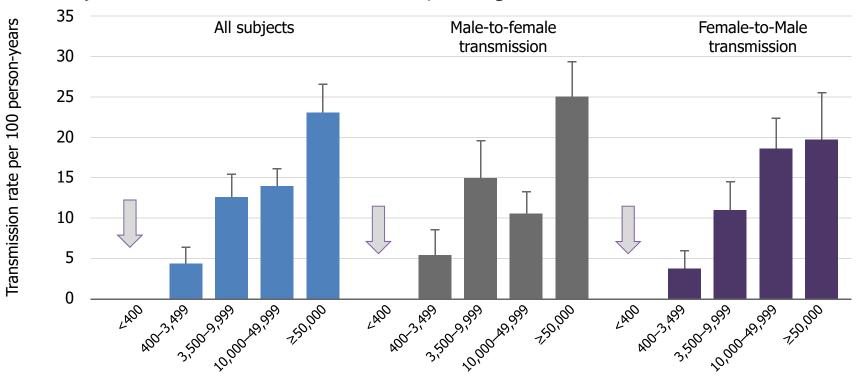
^{1.} U=U taking off in 2017. Editorial Lancet HIV 2017;4(11):e475; 2. Rodger AJ et al. JAMA 2016;316(2):171-81

^{3.} Rodger AJ et al. HIV transmission risk through condomless sex in gay couples with suppressive ART: The PARTNER2 Study extended results in gay men. IAS 2018



Building the evidence

Rakai study of 415 HIV serodifferent heterosexual couples in Uganda



HIV-1 RNA (copies/ml)

No cases of transmission to sexual partners observed for patients with VL <1,500 copies/mL



Building the evidence

HPTN 052: Study design

Stable, healthy, HIV serodifferent, sexually active couples

CD4 count: 350-550 cells/mm³

Randomisation

Immediate ART CD4 350–550 cells/mm³ Delayed ART
Initiated when CD4 ≤250 cells/mm³

Primary transmission endpoint

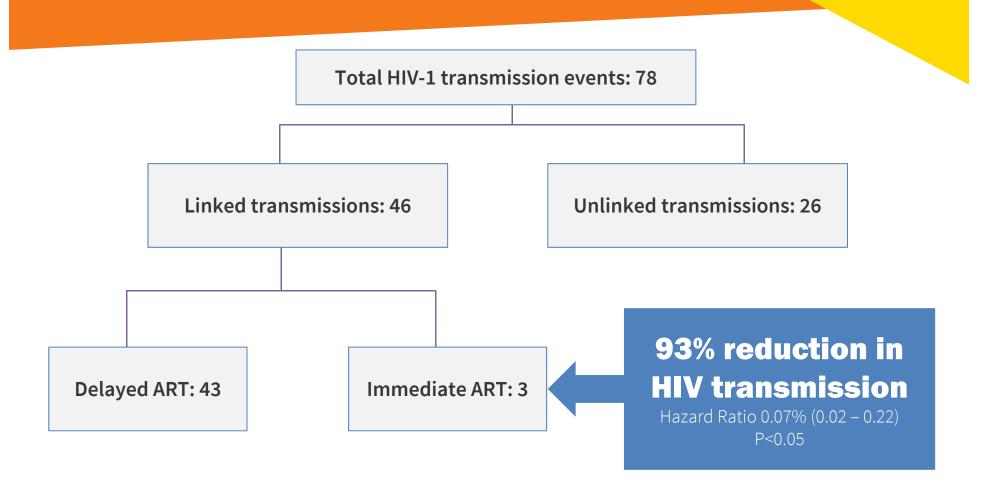
Virologically-linked transmission events

Primary clinical endpoint

WHO stage 4 clinical events, pulmonary tuberculosis, severe bacterial infection and/or death



Building the evidence





Building the evidence

Partner Study

Design:

- 888 HIV serodifferent couples (548 heterosexual and 340 MSM)
- HIV-positive partner on ART with a viral load <200 copies/mL
- 75 European clinical sites

Primary aim:

 To study the risk of HIV transmission through anal and vaginal sex in the absence of condom use for people with an undetectable viral load



ART, antiretroviral therapy; MSM, men who have sex with men; PLWHIV, people living w Rodger AJ et al. JAMA 2016;316(2):171–81.



Building the evidence

Partner Study: Results

1,238 eligible CYFU

58,000 condomless sex acts

11 of the initially HIV-negative partners became HIV-1 infected



8 (73%)

reported recent condomless sex with others apart from their study partner

ZERO

transmissions linked to their HIV positive partner



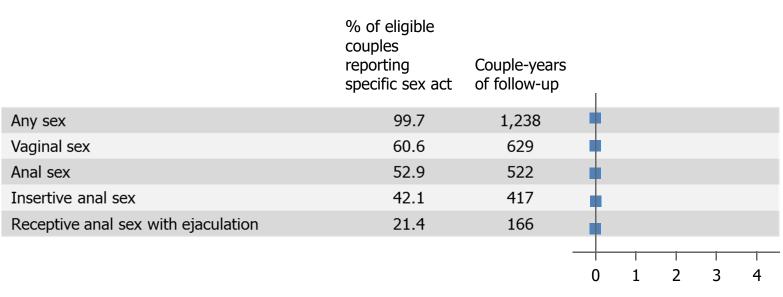
Overall transmission risk was zero (95% CI 0-0.3/100 CYFU)

CI, confidence interval; CYFU, couple years of follow-up; MSM, men who have sex with men; STI, sexually transmitted infection. Rodger AJ et al. JAMA 2016;316(2):171–81.



Building the evidence

Partner Study: Rate of HIV transmission according to sexual behaviour reported by the HIV- partner (All couples)

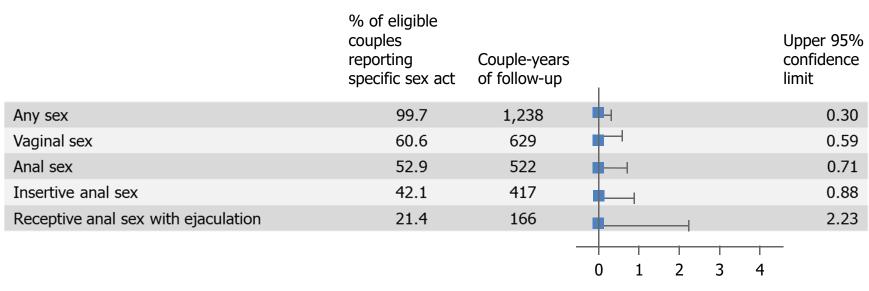


Rate of within-couple transmission, per 100 couple-years of follow-up



Building the evidence

Partner Study: Rate of HIV transmission according to sexual behaviour reported by the HIV- partner (All couples)



Rate of within-couple transmission, per 100 couple-years of follow-up



Building the evidence

Opposites Attract

- •343 serodifferent gay couples¹²
- •HIV+ partner undetectable on ART¹²
- •16,889 condomless anal sex acts¹²
- •HIV transmissions:12
 - None from primary partner
 - 3 from partner outside of study



- Opposites Attract + Partner Studies ≈ 40,000 CLAI acts in MSM^{1,2,3}
- No HIV transmission despite other STI:
 - Opposites Attract: Participants had STI from 6% of anal sex acts^{1,2}
 - PARTNER: Up to 18% of participants had an STI at some point³

ART, antiretroviral therapy; CLAI, condom-less anal intercourse; MSM, men who have sex with men; STI, sexually transmitted infection.

^{1.} Bavinton B et al. 9th International AIDS Society Conference on HIV Science 2017. Paris, France. Abstract #TUAC0506LB. 2.Aidsmap International study of gay couples reports no transmissions from an HIV-positive partner on treatment. 3. Rodger AJ et al. JAMA 2016;316(2):171–81.

U=U and Can't Pass It On

Building the evidence

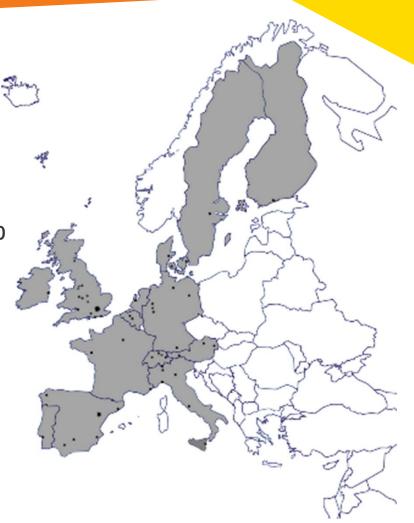
Partner 2 Study

Design:

- 972 HIV serodifferent MSM couples
- 783 couples contributed to the analysis
- HIV-positive partner on ART with a viral load <200 copies/mL

Primary aim:

 To follow serodifferent partnerships that have penetrative sex without using condoms where the HIV-positive partner is on ART with a plasma HIV-1 RNA load <200 copies/mL to study risk of HIV transmission through anal sex in the absence of condom use





Building the evidence

Partner 2 Study: Results

1,596 eligible CYFU

77,000 condomless sex acts

15 of the initially HIV-negative partners became HIV-1 infected

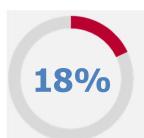


11 (73%)

reported recent condomless sex with others apart from their study partner

ZERO

transmissions linked to their HIV positive partner



of HIV -ve partners and



of HIV +ve partners reported STIs

Overall transmission for MSM in Partner 1 and 2 was zero

(95% CI 0-0.23/100 CYFU)

CI, confidence interval; CYFU, couple years of follow-up; MSM, men who have sex with men; STI, sexually transmitted infection.

Rodger AJ et al. HIV transmission risk through condomless sex in gay couples with suppressive ART: The PARTNER2 Study extended results in gay men. IAS 2018



Building the evidence

Why is this important?

- Removes the shame and fear of sexual transmission
- Simplifies the possibility for conception
- Tackles HIV stigma
- Encourages people to test, engage in care and to start and stay on treatment
- Provides a strong public health argument for universal access to testing, treatment, and care



2018 campaign

Background

Original
'Can't Pass
It On'
campaign
launched in
summer
2017

Created for Pride in London, the campaign was driven by PR and social media

Gilead grant



Terrence

HIGGINS Trust

Proposal



Pre and post surveys to establish improvement in knowledge of TaSP

Campaign design, development and production Creation of social toolkit and and films of case studies Distribute resources to THT offices and third parties

Press launch including YouGov 'news Targeted
social
advertising
and third
parties' social
media
activities

Recruit and support PLHIV as media ambassadors

Can't Pass It On

Creative

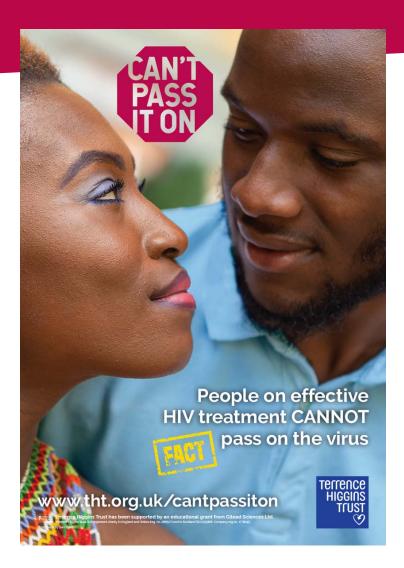
Two shoots – one for MSM and one for black African Both treatments
were authentic,
using real
people living
with HIV on
effective
treatment –
authenticity is
vital

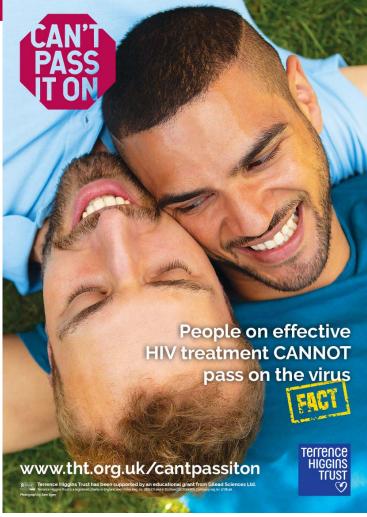
We wanted the shots to be fresh, colourful and capture the spark between both of the couples Those involved also did case study interviews with our PR team, and shared their story in the media (LGBT and BA sector news outlets)

Images were
used for outdoor
advertising,
print advertising
and across
social media and
PR

Can't Pass It On

Creative





Can't Pass It On

Press

Commissioned
YouGov to research
attitudes toward
dating, sex and
relationships with
PLHIV on effective
treatment

Just one third of people would 'swipe right' for a PLHIV on effective treatment Only ten per cent knew that people on effective treatment cannot pass the virus on Coverage in national and regional online, print and broadcast media. Hits include Sky News, Indy100 and Cosmopolitan. Sector coverage including Gay Star News and African Voice Online

The stats hook enabled us to secure a total reach of over 21 million

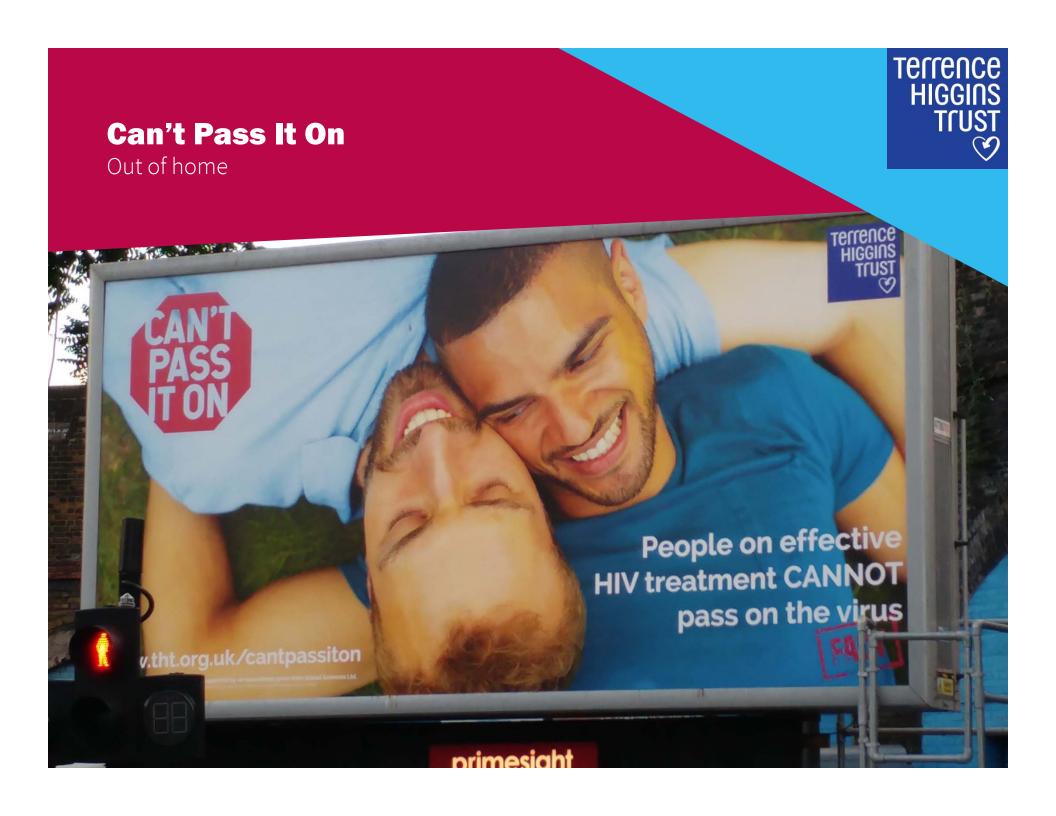
Out of home



We secured outdoor advertising across 10 digital 48-sized billboards, one 96-sheet billboard, 20 phone boxes and 68 roadside Wi-Fi kiosks

It was part of a Pride package with Primesight. We paid for two weeks and were then offered a further two weeks free.

Lambeth, Soho, Vauxhall, Tower Hamlets, among other areas Over five million people will have seen the campaign this way



Social media - Organic

Terrence HIGGINS Trust

Since campaign launch, #CantPassItOn has been used almost 3,500 on Twitter

We have also shared it to Instagram, and to have amassed almost 1,000 likes

Total reach of this hashtag, from 6 July – 11 September was over 10 million On Facebook, our CPIO content has reached over 138,000 unique users

Our own use of the hashtag has had almost 250,000 reach MPs including Andrew
Gwynne, Sharon Hodgeson,
Lisa Cameron, Peter Grant
and Simon Doughty MP all
shared the content to their
social channels

Social media – Paid for



Phase 1 - Reach 602,753 MSM and BA to tell them about the campaign On Google, we secured over 1million impressions with 1,168 link clicks

Phase 2 - Reach of 76,304 MSM and BA

Between the two
Facebook ads, we
received over 2,000 clicks
through to learn more
about Can't Pass It On

Resources



Distributed CPIO resources to 22 regional centres

Over 34,000 stickers

1500 badges

3200 wallet leaflets.



For the past 20 years evidence has been building to show that the likelihood of passing on HIV is linked to the amount of the virus in your body.

People who are on effective HIV treatment can't pass on the virus.

This is a fact proven by scientific research.

If everyone knew this, we could bring an end to stigma around HIV.

The PARTNER study looked at over 58,000 instances of sex without condoms where one partner was HIV positive and one was HIV negative. Results found that where the HIV positive partner was on effective treatment (reducing the amount of the virus to 'undetectable' levels), there were zero cases of HIV transmission.

We can now say that people on effective HIV treatment can't pass on the virus.



Can't Pass It On

Website and video content



HIV and sexual health Our services Our work

Home > Our work > Our campaigns > Can't Pass It On

Can't Pass It On

Our campaign aims to help end stigma around HIV and end HIV transmissions altogether.



We're spreading the word that people on effective HIV treatment can't pass it on.

If everyone knew this, we could bring an end to stigma around HIV. Not only that, but we could stop HIV transmissions altogether.



Our campa

HPV vaccine

Can't Pass It O

Relationship

HIV and age

Download social media images

Can't Pass it On social media images (ZIP)

Q&A with D

5 √) 0:29 / 0:29

You can help us end HIV stigma by sharing our Cari't Pass It On campaign far and

If you're an organisation who would like these assets without our logo on, email

Women and HIV: Invisible No Longer

Funding of HIV services



Can't Pass It On International AIDS Conference

U=U Reception and presentation in the Global Village

Feedback was that Can't Pass It On is impactful, simple, clear and easy to understand

CATIE, Canada's source for HIV and hepatitis C information, plan to develop a similar campaign for a Canadian audience



Knowledge and recognition

Pre campaign community survey

 Around 70 per cent of MSM and BA knew the CPIO message

Post campaign community survey

- 80 per cent of respondents aware of CPIO message
- 40 per cent prompted recognition



Feedback



'Needs to be a much greater advertising campaign to make this more widely known'

'Every time I see this I share it as I really want to pass the message on and get it through to people'

'These adverts should be shown in all media and often. We have become very complacent about HIV. It's very rare that any information gets out there'



What's next?

We need to invest more money in social media marketing for BA to drive knowledge and recognition even further

It's clear the campaign works worldwide, and so we want to explore options to translate it into other languages

Explore opportunities to target other audiences



Thank you