La source canadienne de renseignements sur le VIH et l'hépatite C

From Hepatitis C: An In-Depth Guide

Tips for staying on track with treatment

By taking your meds at the right time and in the right amount as explained by your doctor, you can help treatment work for you! This isn't always easy but there are steps you can take to help. Consider trying some or all of these tips for staying on track with treatment:

- **Do a "dry run" before starting treatment.** Practice your treatment routine using jelly beans or mints. If you can, try to figure out if it's harder for you to follow the routine at certain times. Work with a healthcare provider to develop a routine that works for you.
- Choose times to take meds that both follow the instructions and fit your schedule.
- Ask for a written copy of your treatment plan. It should list each medication, when to take it and how much to take—in a way that is easy for you to follow.
- **Keep a medication diary.** Write down the names of your meds in your diary and then check off each dose as you take it. This is a good way to prevent missing doses or taking too many doses. You can also use a pill box to help you keep track of your meds as you take them.
- Use timers or alarm clocks to remind you when to take your meds.
- **Plan ahead.** Use a pill box to take extra doses of meds with you when you're out. If you're going away for a longer period of time, you can put your peg-interferon in a cooler with an icepack. If you plan on traveling, especially by plane, ask your healthcare provider for a letter so that you don't have problems bringing your meds with you.
- Develop a support network of family members, friends and service providers who can remind you to take your meds.
- Talk with other people who have been through or are going through treatment for Hep C. They may have more tips and sometimes it helps to hear other people's experiences.
- Have a stable place to rest, food to eat and access to a fridge. For some people, this means applying for financial assistance (such as social assistance, disability assistance or community housing). If you don't have a fridge, you can talk with your pharmacist about picking your meds up weekly.
- **Tackle side effects.** If the side effects bother you, you can talk with your doctor about how to deal with them. For example, your doctor might be able to prescribe other medications to help. You can also learn tips for coping with them in Managing side effects.
- Talk with your doctor or nurse if you are having trouble. Your doctor or nurse may recommend changing your treatment routine so that it works better for you.

If you do miss a dose, don't beat yourself up and don't double up your next dose to make up for it. Get back on track by taking your next dose on schedule. Nobody's perfect; just do the best you can.

Produced By:



555 Richmond Street West, Suite 505, Box 1104

Toronto, Ontario M5V 3B1 Canada

Phone: 416.203.7122 Toll-free: 1.800.263.1638 Fax: 416.203.8284

www.catie.ca

Charitable registration number: 13225 8740 RR

Disclaimer

Decisions about particular medical treatments should always be made in consultation with a qualified medical practitioner knowledgeable about HIV- and hepatitis C-related illness and the treatments in question.

CATIE provides information resources to help people living with HIV and/or hepatitis C who wish to manage their own health care in partnership with their care providers. Information accessed through or published or provided by CATIE, however, is not to be considered medical advice. We do not recommend or advocate particular treatments and we urge users to consult as broad a range of sources as possible. We strongly urge users to consult with a qualified medical practitioner prior to undertaking any decision, use or action of a medical nature.

CATIE endeavours to provide the most up-to-date and accurate information at the time of publication. However, information changes and users are encouraged to ensure they have the most current information. Users relying solely on this information do so entirely at their own risk. Neither CATIE nor any of its partners or funders, nor any of their employees, directors, officers or volunteers may be held liable for damages of any kind that may result from the use or misuse of any such information. Any opinions expressed herein or in any article or publication accessed or published or provided by CATIE may not reflect the policies or opinions of CATIE or any partners or funders.

Information on safer drug use is presented as a public health service to help people make healthier choices to reduce the spread of HIV, viral hepatitis and other infections. It is not intended to encourage or promote the use or possession of illegal drugs.

Permission to Reproduce

This document is copyrighted. It may be reprinted and distributed in its entirety for non-commercial purposes without prior permission, but permission must be obtained to edit its content. The following credit must appear on any reprint: *This information was provided by CATIE (the Canadian AIDS Treatment Information Exchange). For more information, contact CATIE at 1.800.263.1638.*

© CATIE

Production of this content has been made possible through a financial contribution from the Public Health Agency of Canada.

Available online at:

http://www.catie.ca/en/practical-guides/hepc-in-depth/treatment/tips